DC to DC Transmitter Narrow Input Span

Discontinued see API 4310 G



Input: 0-10 mV to 0-100 mV, 0-100 μA to 1 mA

Output: 0-1 V to ±10 V or 0-1 mA to 4-20 mA Non-Isolated

- Factory Set Input and Output Ranges
- Low Level Current and Voltage Inputs
- Input and Output LoopTracker® LEDs
- Functional Test Pushbutton
- Built-In Loop Power Supply

Applications

- Convert, Boost, Rescale Process Signals
- Interface Process Signals with Panel Meters, Recorders, Data Acquisition Cards, PLCs, DCS Systems, SCADA Systems

Specifications

Input Range

Factory Configured—Please specify input range

 Minimum
 Maximum

 Voltage:
 0-10 mVDC
 0-100 mVDC

 Bipolar Voltage:
 ±10 mVDC
 ±100 mVDC

 Current:
 0-100 µADC
 0-1 mADC

Consult factory for special ranges Input Impedance (Voltage)

200 k Ω minimum

Input Voltage Burden (Current)

1.25 VDC maximum

Input Protection, Common Mode

750 VDC or 750 VAC_p

System voltages must not exceed socket voltage rating

Input Loop Power Supply

18 VDC nominal, unregulated, 25 mADC Maximum ripple, less than 1.5 $V_{\text{p-p}}$

LoopTracker

Variable brightness LEDs indicate input/output loop level and status

Output Range

Factory Configured—Please specify output range

Minimum Maximum Load Factor

Voltage: 0-1 VDC 0-10 VDC

Bipolar Voltage: ±1 VDC ±10 VDC

Current (20 V compliance): 0-1 mADC 0-20 mADC 1000 Ω at 20 mA

Consult factory for special ranges

Output Linearity

Better than ±0.1% of span

Response Time

70 milliseconds typical

Output Zero and Span

Multiturn potentiometers to compensate for load and lead variations $\pm 15\%$ of span adjustment range typical

Functional Test Button

Sets output to test level when pressed Factory set to approximately 50% of span

Ambient Temperature Range

-10°C to +60°C operating ambient

Temperature Stability

Better than ±0.02% of span per °C temperature stability

Power

Standard: 115 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz, 2.5 W max. **A230** option: 230 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz, 2.5 W max.

D option: 9-30 VDC, 2.5 W typical



Description and Features

The API 4050 G accepts a DC voltage or current input and provides a non-isolated DC voltage or current output that is linearly related to the input. The API 4050 G utilizes an ultra-stable input amplifier for reliable operation with input signals as low as 10 mVDC.

The API 4050 G is factory configured to customer requirements. Common ranges as well as custom ranges are possible. Consult the factory for assistance with special ranges. Typical applications include signal scaling, signal conversion, signal boosting or a combination of the three. The module power supply is transformer isolated from the input and output.

API exclusive features include two *LoopTracker* LEDs and a **Functional Test Pushbutton**. The LoopTracker LEDs (Green for input, Red for output) vary in intensity with changes in the process input and output signals. Monitoring the state of these LEDs can provide a quick visual picture of your process loop at all times.

The functional test pushbutton provides a fixed output (independent of the input) when held depressed. The test output level is fixed at 50% of output span. Both the LoopTracker LEDs and functional test pushbutton greatly aid in saving time during initial startup and/or troubleshooting.

Also standard on the **API 4050 G** is an 18 VDC unregulated loop excitation supply. This supply can be used to power passive input devices, often eliminating the need for an additional external power supply.

The API 4050 G plugs into an industry standard 8-pin octal socket sold separately. Sockets API 008 and finger-safe API 008 FS allow either DIN rail or panel mounting.

Models & Options

Factory Configured—Please specify input/output ranges and options

API 4050 G DC to DC transmitter, non-isolated, narrow input span, with

loop power supply, 115 VAC

Options—Add to end of model number

A230 Powered by 230 VAC, 50/60 Hz **D** Powered by 9-30 VDC

DF Fast response, 1 millisecond nominal response time
EXTSUP Open collector output when a "sinking" output is required

U Conformal coating for moisture resistance

Accessories—Order as separate line item

API 008 8-pin socket

API 008 FS 8-pin finger-safe socket

API TK36 DIN rail, 35 mm W x 39" L, aluminum

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An API 4050 G

Installation and Setup

RANGE SELECTION

The API 4050 G is factory configured to your exact input and output requirements. Listed below are commonly ordered input and output ranges. Consult factory for other available ranges or for special ranges.

When a current output is ordered, it provides power to the output current loop (sourcing). If an unpowered (sinking) current output is required, order the API 4050 G EXTSUP with open collector output.

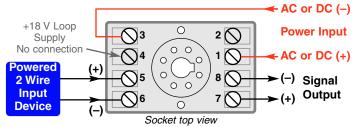
Common Voltage Inputs	
0 to 10 mV	±10 mV
0 to 20 mV	±20 mV
0 to 25 mV	±25 mV
0 to 50 mV	±50 mV
0 to 100 mV	±100 mV
Common Current Inputs	
0 to 100 μA	0 to 1 mA
0 to 200 μA	
0 to 250 μA	
0 to 500 μA	
0 to 250 μA	

Common Voltage	
Outputs	
0 to 1 V	
0 to 5 V	
1 to 5 V	
0 to 10 V	
±5 V	
±10 V	
Common Current	
Outputs	
0 to 20 mA	
4 to 20 mA	

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

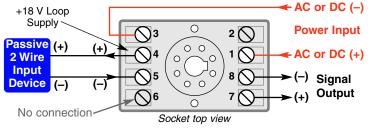
WARNING! All wiring must be performed by qualified personnel only. This module requires an industry-standard 8-pin socket. Order API 008 or finger-safe API 008 FS socket.

Power Input Terminals – The white label on the side of the API module will indicate the power requirements. AC power is connected to terminals 1 and 3. For DC powered modules, polarity **MUST** be observed. Positive (+) is wired to terminal 1 and negative (–) is wired to terminal 3.



Connecting an input device which provides power to the input circuit

Powered Signal Input – Polarity must be observed when connecting the signal input. The positive connection (+) is applied to terminal 5 and the negative (–) is applied to terminal 6.



Using the built-in 18 VDC loop supply to power a passive input device

Passive Signal Input – Polarity must be observed when connecting the signal input. A passive input device can be powered by the 18 volt DC power supply at terminal 4. This may save the expense of purchasing a separate power supply for the input device. A typical example is shown, however it is very important to consult the manufacturer of your specific sensor to determine its compatibility and proper wiring.

Signal Output Terminals – Polarity must be observed when connecting the signal output to the load. The positive connection (+) is connected to terminal 7 and the negative (–) is connected to terminal 8. Output is powered unless option EXTSUP was ordered for a sinking output requirement. See wiring examples at right.

CALIBRATION

Input and output ranges are pre-configured at the factory as specified on your order. Top-mounted, Zero and Span potentiometers can be used should fine-tuning be necessary. Custom ranges may require factory modification.

- 1. Apply power to the module and allow a minimum 20 minute warm up time.
- 2. Using an accurate calibration source, provide an input to the module equal to the minimum input required for the application.
- 3. Using an accurate measurement device for the output, adjust the Zero potentiometer for the exact minimum output desired. The Zero control should only be adjusted when the input signal is at its minimum. This will produce the corresponding minimum output signal. Example: for 4-20 mA output signal, the Zero control will provide adjustment for the 4 mA or low end of the signal.
- 4. Set the input at maximum, and then adjust the Span pot for the exact maximum output desired. The Span control should only be adjusted when the input signal is at its maximum. This will produce the corresponding maximum output signal. Example: for 4-20 mA output signal, the Span control will provide adjustment for the 20 mA or high end of the signal.
- 5. Repeat adjustments for maximum accuracy.

TEST BUTTON

The Test pushbutton may be used to drive the device on the output side of the loop (a panel meter, chart recorder, etc.) with a known good signal that can be used as a system diagnostic aid during initial start-up or during troubleshooting. This test signal is factory set to approximately 50% of the calibrated output range. When the button is released, the output will return to normal.

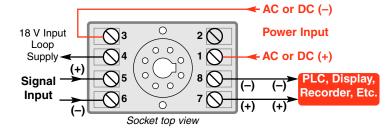
Example: If you are checking a 4-20 mA current loop, when the pushbutton is held depressed, the output from the module will be approximately 12 mA.

OPERATION

The API 4050 G is factory configured to your exact input and output requirements. The input is filtered, either amplified or attenuated as required, then passed through to the output stage.

GREEN LoopTracker® Input LED – Provides a visual indication that a signal is being sensed by the input circuitry of the module. It also indicates the input signal strength by changing in intensity as the process changes from minimum to maximum. If the LED fails to illuminate, or fails to change in intensity as the process changes, this may indicate a problem with module power or signal input wiring.

The RED *LoopTracker* output LED provides a visual indication that the output signal is functioning. It becomes brighter as the input and the corresponding output change from minimum to maximum. For current outputs, the RED LED will only light if the output loop current path is complete. For either current or voltage outputs, failure to illuminate or a failure to change in intensity as the process changes may indicate a problem with the module power or signal output wiring.



AC or DC (-)

Power Input

Loop
Supply

(+)
Signal
Input

Socket top view

AC or DC (+)
PLC, Display,
Recorder, Etc.

(-)
Socket top view

(1)
Supply

AC or DC (+)
PLC, Display,
Recorder, Etc.

API 4050 G typical output wiring

API 4050 G EXTSUP typical output wiring

Supply

AFT 4030 G EXTSOF typical out